1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Kerala . . .	11.57	10.61	10.40	1661	1668	1702
Madhya Pradesh .	135.22	141.38	159.02	764	817	888
Maharashtra . . .	71.44	110.64	107.37	523	783	748
Orissa . . .	63.88	50.47	68.85	912	756	1018
Punjab . . .	162.92	170.65	165.90	2938	3227	3068
Rajasthan . . .	67.91	48.33	111.91	532	535	872
Tamil Nadu . . .	71.56	75.88	75.57	1731	1690	1837
Uttar Pradesh . .	302.49	280.96	355.58	1468	1457	1700
West Bengal . . .	96.10	103.05	109.19	1539	1634	1672
ALL INDIA .	1434.18	1384.14	1721.76	1128	1166	1335

Losses to NCCF

1194. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA:

SHRI VIRENDRA VERMA:

Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 495 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 28th April, 1989 and state:

(a) the itemwise and transaction-wise details of losses suffered by NCCF for not maintaining proper accounts;

(b) what action Government propose to take against the Management of NCCF for misrepresentation of facts; and

(c) whether the proceedings against the then Controller of Accounts and Finance have been finalised; if so, the details of action taken thereon; if not, by when the action is likely to be taken against the said officer?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) NCCF of India Ltd. have reported that they are dealing in a large number of commodities and it is not feasible to draw profit and loss account for each and every commodity by allocating expenses for each commodity under different heads. However, the NCCF is maintaining trading results in respect of broad commodity groups such as confiscated goods, general merchandise, groceries, textiles, tea, imported goods etc. which are reflected in the accounts of the NCCF for the year 1987-88 (1.7.87 to 30.6.1988) have been audited, copies of which have already been laid on the Tables of both the Houses of Parliament during March, 1989.

(b) Does not arise in view of reply at (a) above.

(c) NCCF have completed the minor penalty proceedings against the then Controller of Accounts & Finance of the NCCF.

Bungling in Consumer Federation

1195. SHRI VIRENDRA VERMA: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to refer to the reply to Unstarred Question 1365 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 5th May, 1989 and state:

(a) whether Government, while dispensing with the services of some officers of NCCF applied triple stan-

dards i.e. resorting to the policy of 'Hire and Fire' and 'Discharge simplicitor' without conducting inquiry; Proper rules, regulations/or regular inquiry etc. and second Show Cause notice even after following proper rules, regulations, procedure of regular enquiry etc.; and

(b) if so, whether this policy is inconsistent with the provisions of the Constitution of India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) and (b) The NCCF of India has informed that the service matters of their employees are governed by Service Regulations of NCCF. The NCCF of India Ltd. is following the procedures so prescribed while terminating, dismissing or removing their employees. Reasonable classification is fully constitutional and does not amount to discrimination.

Foreign Exchange earned through Chartered Deep Sea Fishing Vessels

1196. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of foreign exchange earned through chartered foreign deep sea fishing vessels during the last three years and the amount of foreign exchange earned during the same period from exporting food items;

(b) the number of chartered foreign deep sea fishing trawlers and Indian trawlers in operation now in Indian waters and the number of Indian trawlers financed by Government and public institutions as on date and the amount thereof;

(c) the present policy of Government regarding chartering foreign deep-sea fishing vessels; and

(d) the names of the Indian firms now operating foreign deep-sea fishing vessels and the number and type of vessels of such firms in operation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI JAGDISH TYTLER): (a) The foreign exchange earned through chartered foreign deep sea fishing vessels is given below:—

Year	Foreign exchange earnings
	(US$ in lakhs)
1986 . . .	10.51
1987 . . .	6·54
1988 . . .	under compilation

The foreign exchange earned from exporting food items *viz.* cereals, spices cashew, HPS groundnuts, seasame and niger seeds, sygar, oilcakes, shellac and processed foods is given below:—

Year	Foreign exchange earnings
	(Rs. in crores)
1986-87 . . .	1516.5
1987-88 . . .	1625.0
1988-89	1794 (Provisional)

(b) 25 No. of chartered foreign deep sea trawlers are in operation in Indian waters as on 20th July, 1989. 206 number of fishing vessels owned by Indian Companies have been financed through Shipping Development Fund Committee and Shipping Credit and Investment Company of India Ltd. with a total amount of Rs. 156.81 crores as assistance.

(c) The current charter policy of the Government of India has the following objectives.

(i) To establish the abundance and distribution of fishery resources in deep sea in the Indian Exclusive Economic Zone;

(ii) To establish suitable craft and gears for economic operation;